INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2010

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### Officials

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
	Board of Education	
	(Before September 2009 Election)	
Rod Foster Don Looft Betsey Ulrich Paul Stevens Howard Taylor	President Vice President	2011 2009 2009 2009 2011
	(After September 2009 Election)	
Rod Foster Howard Taylor Jim Boyer Jen VonBank	President Vice President	2011 2011 2013 2013
Karen Thackery	(Appointed February, 2010)	2011
	School Officials	
Randy Collins	Superintendent	
Deb Obbink	District Secretary/ Treasurer	

### **BRUCE D. FRINK**

### **Certified Public Accountant**

### Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- lowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

### Services:

- Individual, Partnership and Corporate Tax Preparation
- . Year Round Tax Planning
- Electronic Filing
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- I.R.S. Representation
- . Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- Data Processing Services
- Payroll Preparation
- Computerized Financial Statements
- Bank Loan Assistance

### Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax Season

### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District, Armstrong, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities and each major fund of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District at June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2011 on our consideration of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 4 through 12 and 33 through 35 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the second paragraph of this report the financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2009 and expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. The financial statements for the four years ended June 30, 2005 (which are presented herein) were audited by other auditors who expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 3, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bruce D. Frisk

BRUCE D. FRINK Certified Public Accountant

March 23, 2011

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

### 2010 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$3,561,419 in fiscal 2009 to \$3,558,879 in fiscal 2010, while General Fund expenditures decreased from \$3,541,832 in fiscal 2009 to \$3,437,381 in fiscal 2010. The District's General Fund balance increased from \$291,655 in fiscal 2009 to \$413,153 in fiscal 2010, a 42% increase.
- Local tax (property and income surtax) revenues increased by over \$55,000; partially offsetting a \$209,000 decrease in state funding. Expenditures were 3% less than the prior year. The District reduced administrative expenses over \$50,000, primarily by sharing the superintendent with Graettinger-Terril Community School District. The District closely monitors staffing requirements and discretionary spending.
- The District's solvency ratio was 10% at the end of fiscal year 2010. The solvency ratio is indicative of the District's ability to meet its financial obligations. Recommended solvency ratio is commonly around 10%.
- The District's Capital Projects Fund increased by over \$500,000 this year and the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy also increased. The District borrowed \$1 million to be spent on technology and infrastructure projects.

### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The fund financial statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District acts solely as an agent or custodian for the benefit of those outside of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year as well as the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the Student Activity and fiduciary funds as well as a multiyear comparison of revenues and expenditures.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

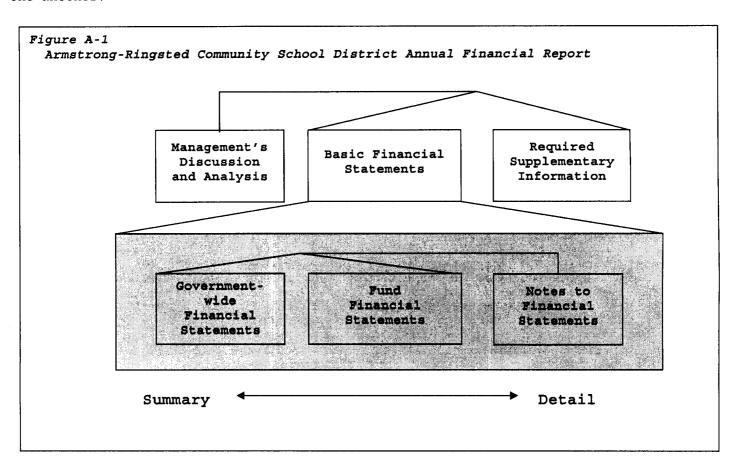


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide		Fund Statements	
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activity the District operates similar to private businesses: food services	Instances in which the district administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of net assets</li><li>Statement of activities</li></ul>	• Balance sheet • Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	• Statement of net assets • Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	<ul> <li>Statement of fiduciary net assets</li> <li>Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets</li> </ul>
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

### REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - are one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The District has elected to present all funds as "major" funds for clarity of presentation.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has three kinds of funds:

1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

The required financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Fund, one type of proprietary fund, is the same as its business type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one Enterprise Fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and a statement of cash flows.

- 3) Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. These funds include Private-Purpose Trust Funds.
  - Agency Funds The District holds money for outside groups in a custodial capacity.

The District is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in the fiduciary funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

The required financial statements for fiduciary funds include a statement of fiduciary net assets.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 compared to the year ended June 30, 2009.

				Figure A-3			
		c	Condensed S	tatement of	Net Asset	ts	
			(Expre	ssed in Tho	usands)		
	Govern	mental	Busines	s Type	Tot	al	Total
	Activ	ities	Activi	ties	Dist	rict	Change
	June	30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2009-2010
Current assets	\$ 4,037	2,991	29	30	4,066	3,021	34.59%
Capital assets	3,821	3,806	2	3	3,823	3,809	0.378
Total assets	7,858	6,797	31	33	7,889	6,830	15.51%
Current liabilities	2,170	2,025	-	-	2,170	2,025	7.16%
Non-current liabilities	2,311	1,468		_	2,311	1,468	0.00%
Total liabilities	4,481	3,493		-	4,481	3,493	28.29%
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	1,624	2,349	2	3	1,626	2,352	-30.87%
Restricted	1,329	608	-	-	1,329	608	118.59%
Unrestricted	424	347	29	30	453	377	20.16%
Total net assets	\$ 3,377	3,304	31	33	3,408	3,337	2.13%

Unrestricted net assets held steady due to increased local and federal revenues as well as cost containment measurers especially in non-classroom areas. Restricted assets increased as the District borrowed \$1,000,000 for infrastructure and technology projects. This will decrease dramatically as funds are spent.

Changes in net assets - figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010 compared to the year ended June 30, 2009.

					Figure A-4		•	_
				Change	s in Net A	asets		
				(Expres	sed in Tho	usands)		
		overnm	ental	Busines	s Type	Tota	al	Total
		Activi	ties	Activ	ities	School D	istrict	Change
	2	010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2009-2010
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service and sales	\$	203	203	83	95	286	298	-4.03%
Operating grants, contributions								
and restricted interest		865	778	76	83	941	861	9.29%
General revenues:								
Property tax	1	,867	1,632	=.	-	1,867	1,632	14.40%
Income surtax		201	263	-	-	201	263	-23.57%
Statewide sales, services								
and use tax		182	198	-	-	182	198	-8.08%
Unrestricted state grants		943	1,094	-	-	943	1,094	-13.80%
Unrestricted investment								
earnings		20	3	-	-	20	3	566.67%
Other		121	106			121	106	14.15%
Total revenues	4	,402	4,277	159	178	4,561	4,455	2.38%
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	2	,779	2,671	-	-	2,779	2,671	4.04%
Support Services		963	1,141	-	-	963	1,141	-15.60%
Non-instructional programs		+	-	160	176	160	176	-9.09%
Other expenses		585	678			585	678	- <u>13.72</u> %
Total expenses	4	,327	4,490	160	176	4,487	4,666	- <u>3.84</u> %
Change in net assets	\$	75	(213)	(1)	2	74	(211)	264.93%

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 62% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily related to instruction and support services, which account for 83% of the total expenses.

### Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$4,402,071 and expenses were \$4,327,194 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities, instruction, support services and other expenditures, for the year ended June 30, 2010 compared to the year ended June 30, 2009.

		Total and 1	Figure Net Cost of G (Expressed in	overnmental Act	civities	
	Total	Cost of Servi	ces	Net (	Cost of Servic	es
			Change			Change
	 2010	2009	2009-2010	2010	2009	2009-2010
Instruction	\$ 2,779	2,671	4.04%	1,894	1,828	3.61%
Support services	963	1,141	-15.60%	921	1,132	-18.64%
Other expenses	 585	678	- <u>13.72</u> %	444	549	- <u>19.13</u> %
Totals	\$ 4,327	4,490	- <u>3.63</u> %	3,259	3,509	- <u>7.12</u> %

For the year ended June 30, 2010:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$203,011.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$548,314.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,867,769 in property tax and \$942,555 in state foundation aid.

### Proprietary-Type Funds

Revenues for the District's School Nutrition Fund were \$159,098 and expenses totaled \$160,408. The revenues include charges for services, contributions, and federal and state reimbursements.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balances of \$1,707,324, which is 110% more than last year's ending fund balance of \$812,510. The District borrowed \$1,000,000 for technology and infrastructure. The balance will drop dramatically in FY11 when these funds are spent.

### Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District has a 10% solvency ratio.
- The General Fund grew due to increased local taxes and cost containment measures, primarily sharing the superintendent position with Graettinger-Terril Community School District.
- The statewide sales, services and use tax is aiding the school in infrastructure and technology projects.

### Proprietary Fund Highlights

School Nutrition Fund net assets decreased by over \$1,300 in fiscal 2010.

### BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

It is the District's practice, as is in most Iowa school district, to budget expenditures at or about the maximum authorized spending. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed the actual expenditures for the year. In 2009, the total budget amount was not exceeded, however expenditures exceed the amounts budgeted in the instruction and other expenditures functions. The District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

Actual revenues were greater than budgeted amounts in the federal source revenues, but did not fully offset the shortfall in state revenues.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

### Capital Assets

The District has invested more than \$3.8 million, net of accumulated depreciation, by the end of fiscal 2010 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, kitchen, computers and audio-visual equipment, maintenance equipment, school buses and other vehicles, library holdings, and textbooks. The District made improvements and updated equipment at all facilities during the year. Total depreciation expenses for the year exceeded \$260,000.

			C		Figure A-6 tatement of ssed in Tho		:8		
		Governm Activi		Busines Activi		Tot. Distr		Total Change	
	June 30,		30,	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,	
	_	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2009-2010	
Land	\$	20	20	-	-	20	20	0.00%	
Site improvements		111	118	-	-	111	118	-5.93%	
Buildings		3,214	3,148	-	-	3,214	3,148	2.10%	
Furniture and equipment		476	520	2	3	478	523	- <u>8.60</u> %	
Totals	\$	3,821	3,806	2	3	3,823	3,809	0.37%	

### Long-Term Debt

The District has the following outstanding debt. Early retirement is granted on a year by year basis. General obligation bonds will fully mature in 2022. See notes to the financial statements for more information regarding the Retiree Health Obligation.

A bus lease has one payment remaining with a purchase option at the time for fair market value.

The District issued \$1,000,000 in Quality Zone Academy Bonds to be used for technology and infrastructure projects. It will be repaid over 15 years from regular tax proceeds of the Capital Projects Fund.

			Figure A-7 g Long-Term Obl	-
		Tota Distr	1	Total Change
		June	30,	June 30,
		2010	2009	2009-2010
Early retirement	\$	10	10	0.00%
Leases payable		59	172	-65.70%
Net OPEB liability		7	_	100.00%
QZAB bonds		938	-	100.00%
General obligation bonds	<del></del>	1,200	1,285	-6.61%
Total	\$	2,214	1,467	50.92%

### ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District will need to monitor payroll expenses as they account for the vast majority of the budget.
- Alternative sources must be found due to funding inconsistencies on the parts of the federal and state governments.
- Enrollment increases and decreases will play a large part in determining the District's finances on an year to year basis. The legislature needs to ensure adequate allowable growth to properly fund education.
- The District began sharing superintendent services on July 1, 2009 with Graettinger and Terril Community School Districts.
- Sharing students and/or programs continues to be looked into with neighboring districts.

### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Randy Collins, Superintendent, Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District, PO Box 75, Armstrong, IA 50514-0075.



### Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

		Business Type Activities	
	Governmental	School	mak - 1
	Activities	Nutrition	Total
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,880,592	15,396	1,895,988
Receivables:	, -,,		_,,
Property tax:			
Current year	22,270	_	22,270
Succeeding year	1,928,275	_	1,928,275
Income surtax - succeeding year	169,229	_	169,229
Due from other governments	27,527	_	27,527
Other receivables	8,692	_	8,692
Inventories	-	13,899	13,899
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,820,999	2,021	3,823,020
Total assets	7,857,584	31,316	7,888,900
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	216,716	35	216,751
Accrued payroll and benefits	10,061	-	10,061
Accrued interest payable	6,713	-	6,713
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	1,928,275	-	1,928,275
Federal programs	4,980	-	4,980
Long-term liabities:			
Portion due within one year:			
Early retirement	50,472	-	50,472
General obligation bonds payable	85,000	-	85,000
QZAB loan payable	64,234	_	64,234
Leases payable	59,341	-	59,341
Portion due after one year:			
Early retirement	56,000	-	56,000
General obligation bonds payable	1,115,000	_	1,115,000
QZAB loan payable	873,704	-	873,704
Net OPEB payable	7,439	-	7,439
Total liabilities	4,477,935	35	4,477,970
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,623,720	2,021	1,625,741
Restricted for:			
Management levy	133,231	-	133,231
Physical plant and equipment levy	510,090	-	510,090
Capital projects	625,467	-	625,467
Debt service	7,175	-	7,175
Categorical funding	53,856	-	53,856
Unrestricted	426,110	29,260	455,370
	A	_	
Total net assets	\$ 3,379,649	31,281	3,410,930

See notes to financial statements.

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Progra	Program Revenues	Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	iue isets
			Operating Grants, Contributions			
	i i	Charges for	and Restricted	Governmental	Business Type	E
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	ACLIVILLES	IOCAI
Functions/Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:	\$ 2,779,021	203,011	682,246	(1,893,764)		(1,893,764)
Support services:						
Student services	24,764	•	1	(24,764)	1	(24,764)
Instructional staff services	73,189	•	1	(73,189)	ı	(73,189)
Administration services	323,754	ı	1	(323,754)	•	(323,754)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	392,796	1	41,759	(351,037)	1	(351,037)
Transportation services	148,374	I	1	(148,374)	1	(148,374)
	962,877	1	41,759	(921,118)	1	(921,118)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	140,280	1	140,280	1	ı	•
Long term debt interest	44,824	1	325	(44,499)	•	(44,499)
Long term debt services	3,775	•	i	(3,775)	1	(3,775)
Facilities acquisition and construction	135,041	ı	187	(134,854)	1	(134,854)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	261,376	1		(261,376)	1	(261,376)
	585,296	1	140,792	(444,504)	1	(444,504)
Total governmental activities	4,327,194	203,011	864,797	(3,259,386)	1	(3,259,386)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Progra	Program Revenues	Net and C	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	nue ssets
		200	Operating Grants, Contributions			
	Expenses	Service	Interest	Activities	Activities Activities	Total
Business type activities: Non-instructional programs: Nutrition services	160,408	82,979	76,119	1	(1,310)	(1,310)
Total	\$ 4,487,602	285,990	940,916	(3,259,386)	(1,310)	(3,260,696)
General Revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				\$ 1,449,194	ı	1,449,194
Management levy				95,479	I	95,479
Capital outlay				200,726	1	200,726
Debt service				122,370	1	122,370
Income surtax						
General purposes				167,579	ı	167,579
Capital outlay				33,524	•	33,524
Statewide sales, services and use tax				182,118	1	182,118
Unrestricted state grants				942,555	1	942,555
Unrestricted investment earnings				19,617	ı	19,617
Other				121,101		121,101
Total general revenues				3,334,263	ı	3,334,263
Change in net assets				74,877	(1,310)	73,567
Net assets beginning of year				3,304,771	32,591	3,337,362
Net assets end of year				\$ 3,379,648	31,281	3,410,929

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2010

Total	1,880,592	22,270 1,928,275 169,229 27,527 2,896 8,692	4,039,481	216,716 10,061 2,896	1,928,275 169,229 4,980 2,332,157	53,856 7,175	625,467 661,529 359,297 1,707,324 4,039,481	
Debt Service	5,730	1,445	130,990	1 1 1	123,815	7,175	7,175	
Capital Projects	632,463	20,548	653,011	27,544	27,544	I I	625,467 - - 625,467 653,011	
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	470,301	2,373 188,377 36,138 - - 8,692	705,881	4,518	186,377 36,138 - 231,929	1 1	473,952-473,952-705,881	
Management Levy	132,038	1,193	273,231	1 1 1	140,000	1 4	133,231	
Student Activity	61,597	1 1 1 1 1 1	61,597	7,251	7,251	1 1	54,346 - 54,346 61,597	
General	\$ 578,463	17,259 1,476,083 133,091 6,979 2,896	\$ 2,214,771	\$ 177,403 10,061	1,476,083 133,091 4,980 1,801,618	53,856	359,297 413,153 \$ 2,214,771	

Liabilities and Fund Balance

Total assets

Succeeding year property tax Succeeding year income surtax Federal programs

Total liabilities

Accounts payable
Accrued payroll and benefits
Interfund payable
Deferred revenue:

Liabilities:

Current year
Succeeding year
Income surtax - succeeding year
Due from other governments
Interfund receivable
Other receivables

Assets

Cash and pooled investments Receivables:

Property tax:

Total liabilities and fund balances

Unreserved, reported in: Capital projects Special revenue General

Total fund balances

Reserved for: Categorical funding Debt service

Fund balances:

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010

### Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)

\$1,707,324

## Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Income surtax receivable at June 30, 2010 is not recognized as income until received in the governmental funds, however it is shown as a receivable in the Statement of Net Assets.

169,229

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not assets in the governmental funds.

3,820,999

Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and , therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.

(6,713)

Long-term liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

Early retirement payable	\$ (106,472)	
Leases payable	(59,341)	
QZAB loan payable	(937,938)	
Net OPEB liability	(7,439)	
General obligation bonds payable	(1,200,000)	(2,311,190)

Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

\$3,379,649

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

Total	.0 2,241,471 - 203,011 :5 316,921 - 1,329,860 - 301,289	4,392,552 - 2,675,110	- 24,764 - 73,189 - 323,754 - 426,502 - 148,374 - 996,583
Debt Service	122,370	122, 695	
Capital Projects	182,118	182,305	1 1 1 1 1
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	232,663 - 8,764 122 25,000	266,549	134,774
Management Levy	95,479	103,352	75,790
Student	158,772	158,772	
General	\$ 1,608,841 203,011 141,053 1,329,685 276,289	3,558,879	24,764 73,189 247,964 291,728 148,374 786,019
	Revenues: Local sources: Local tax Tuition Other State sources Federal sources	Total revenues  Expenditures:  Current: Instruction	Support services: Student services Instructional staff services Administration services Operation and maintenance of plant services Transportation services

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ 894,814

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Income surtaxes not collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are included as deferred revenues. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities

This represents the change in income surtax receivable from FY09 to FY10.

9,519

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Net Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amounts of depreciation expense in the year are as follows:

Capital outlays
Depreciation expense

\$ 276,104

(261,376)

14,728

Early retirement expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Early retirement
Other postemployment benefits

(96,472)

(7,439)

(103,911)

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

(417)

Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of long-term debt liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Current year repayments exceeded issues, as follows:

Issued Repayments

(1,000,000)

260,144

(739,856)

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

74,877

See notes to financial statements.

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets $\hbox{Proprietary Fund}$

Year ended June 30, 2010

	School utrition
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	
Charges for services	\$ 82,979
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	66,977
Benefits	9,857
Supplies	82,694
Depreciation	 880
Total operating expenses	 160,408
Operating (loss)	 (77,429)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,621
Federal sources	74,361
Interest income	 137
	 76,119
Change in net assets	(1,310)
Net assets beginning of year	 32,591
Net assets end of year	\$ 31,281

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

	School strition
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 82,979
Cash payments to employees for services	(76,834)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(73,468)
Net cash (used by) operating activities	 (67,323)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1,621
Federal grants received	 63,640
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	 65,261
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	 137
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,925)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	 17,321
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 15,396
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash used	
by operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	\$ (77,429)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used by) operating activities:	
Depreciation	880
Commodities used	10,721
(Increase) in inventory	(1,506)
Increase in accounts payable	11
	\$ (67,323)

### Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the District received federal commodities valued at \$10,721.

## Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	45,130
Liabilities		
Other payables		45,130
Net Assets Reserved for special purposes	\$	_

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors summer recreational activities. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Armstrong and Ringsted, Iowa, and agricultural area in Palo Alto, Emmett and Kossuth Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

### A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria. However, the District has chosen to include as Agency Funds, all of the organizations included in Schedule 4 (except Flex 125 Plan). The Flex 125 Plan was previously included in the District's financial statements.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Palo Alto, Kossuth and Emmett County Assessor Conference Boards.

### B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The District has elected to present all funds as major funds for clarity of presentation.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used to account for the purchase of equipment and the repairing, remodeling and construction of buildings and land improvements.

The Management Levy Fund is utilized for the payment of insurance, unemployment and early retirement benefits.

The Student Activity Fund is used to account for extra curricular activities conducted on behalf of the students.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

The District also reports fiduciary funds which focus on net assets and changes in net assets. The District's fiduciary funds include the following:

The Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The Agency Fund is custodial in nature, assets equal liabilities, and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

### D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

<u>Cash, Investments and Cash Equivalents</u> - The cash balances of most District funds are invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

 $\frac{ \hbox{Property Tax Receivable}}{\hbox{the modified accrual basis of accounting.}} \text{ - Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.}$ 

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Current property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year become effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2008 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2009.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years. No intangible assets were noted that exceeded the threshold amount.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 2,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	10,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	500
Other furniture and equipment	2,500
Intangible assets	50,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives
Asset Class	(In Years)
Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	20 years
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue in the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied as well as unspent federal program funds.

Compensated Absences - District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2010.

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

<u>Restricted Net Assets</u> - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

### E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2010, expenditures in the instruction and other expenditures functions exceeded the amounts budgeted. The District did not exceed its General Fund unspent authorized budget.

### (2) Cash and Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2010 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2010.

### (3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 20,000	_	_	20,000
	20,000			
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site improvements	136,758	_	-	136,758
Buildings	5,901,991	202,062	_	6,104,053
Furniture and equipment	1,096,938	74,042	-	1,170,980
Total capital assets being depreciated	7,135,687	276,104	_	7,411,791
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site improvements	18,470	6,838	-	25,308
Buildings	2,753,807	136,529	-	2,890,336
Furniture and equipment	577,139	118,009		695,148
Total accumulated depreciation	3,349,416	261,376	_	3,610,792
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,786,271	14,728		3,800,999
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$3,806,271	14,728	_	3,820,999
,,	<u> </u>			
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	\$ 10,560	-	-	10,560
Less accumulated depreciation	7,659	880	-	8,539
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,901	(880)		2,021
Depreciation expense was charged to the follow Governmental activities:	ing functions	:		
Unallocated				\$ 261,376
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				\$ 880

### (4) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 4.30% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 6.65% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$138,087, \$138,252, and \$136,827 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

### (5) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$140,280 for the year ended June 30, 2010 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the financial statements.

### (6) Risk Management

Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### (7) Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Balance Beginning Year	Additions	Reductions	Balance End of Year	Due Within One Year
Net OPEB Liability	\$ -	7,439	_	7,439	_
Early Retirement	10,000	106,472	10,000	106,472	50,472
Qualified Zone Academy Bonds	· -	1,000,000	62,062	937,938	64,234
Leases Payable	172,423	· -	113,082	59,341	59,341
General Obligation Bonds	1,285,000	-	85,000	1,200,000	_85,000
Total	\$ <u>1,467,423</u>	1,113,911	270,144	2,311,190	259,047

### General Obligation Bonds

Details of the District's June 30, 2010 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year				
Ending	Interest			
<u>June 30,</u>	Rates	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	1.75%	\$ 38,565	85,000	123,565
2012	2.00	37,078	90,000	127,078
2013	2.30	35,277	90,000	125,277
2014	2.60	33,208	90,000	123,208
2015	2.85	30,867	95,000	125,867
2016	3.10	28,160	95,000	123,160
2017	3.35	25,215	100,000	125,215
2018	3.60	21,865	105,000	126,865
2019	3.80	18,085	105,000	123,085
2020	4.00	14,095	110,000	124,095
2021	4.10	9,695	115,000	124,695
2022	4.15	4,980	120,000	124,980
Total		\$ <u>297,090</u>	1,200,000	1,497,090

In fiscal year 2010, early retirement was offered to employees who attained the age of 55 and had completed ten years of contracted service with the District. A cash option not to exceed to \$24,000 was offered. There is no guarantee that the benefit will be offered in future years. Three employees took advantage of the program in FY10.

### Lease Payable

The District entered into a \$82,513 three year lease, with purchase options, for a school bus. Three payments of \$13,869 are required with a fair market value purchase option at the end of the lease. The interest rate is 6.65%. The first payment was made in fiscal 2009.

Details of the lease payable are as follows (assumes purchase of bus):

Year Ending			
June 30,	Interest	Principal	<u>Total</u>
2011	\$ <u>3,967</u>	59,341	63,308

### Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB)

The District borrowed \$1,000,000 under the Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB). This program is aimed at Districts with 35% or more free and reduced price meal eligibility funds can be used for renovation and repairs, energy savings measures, or technology. The debt is repaid from the same fund as the original expense is made from. This will primarily, if not entirely, be from the Capital Projects Fund. The notes are non-interest bearing. Payment schedule is as follows:

Year	
Ending	
June 30,	Principal
2011	\$ 64,234
2012	66,482
2013	68,809
2014	71,217
2015	73,710
2016-2020	409,100
2021-2022	184,386
Total	\$937,938

### (8) Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees and their spouses. There are 22 active and 5 retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a fully-insured plan with Wellmark. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which result in an implicit subsidy and an OPEB liability.

<u>Funding Policy</u> - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefits plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2010, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$12,172
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-
Annual OPEB Cost	12,172
Contributions made	(4,733)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	7,439
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	-
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ <u>7,439</u>

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of the year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2010.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the District contributed \$4,733 to the medical plan.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2010 are summarized as follows:

Year Ann	Percentage of		
	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
June 30, 2010	\$12,172	38.9%	\$7,439

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of July 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010, the actuarial accrued liability was \$127,011, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$127,011. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$2,220,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 5.7%. As of June 30, 2010, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2009 actuarial valuation date, the unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 2.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy. The annual medical trend rate is 6%.

Mortality rates are from the 94 Group Annuity Mortality Table, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from information provided by the District.

The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

### Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Govern Fund	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted Amounts	Amounts	Final to Actual
	4	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:							
Local sources	₩	2,761,403	83,116	2,844,519	2,847,556	2,847,556	(3,037)
State sources		1,329,860	1,621	1,331,481	1,953,707	1,953,707	(622,226)
Federal sources		301,289	74,361	375,650	168,150	168,150	207,500
Total revenues		4,392,552	159,098	4,551,650	4,969,413	4,969,413	(417,763)
Expenditures/Expenses:							
Instruction		2,675,110	1	2,675,110	2,449,487	2,449,487	(225,623)
Support services		996,583	t	996,583	2,088,093	2,088,093	1,091,510
Non-instructional programs		1	160,408	160,408	270,050	270,050	109,642
Other expenditures		826,045	1	826,045	527,238	527,238	(298,807)
Total expenditures/expenses		4,497,738	160,408	4,658,146	5,334,868	5,334,868	676,722
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(981 301)	(016-1)	(307 301)	(36, 456)	(200	0 0 1 0
over (mider) experimental experiees		(991,601)	(016,1)	(106,496)	(365,455)	(365,455)	758, 959
Other financing sources (uses)		1,000,000	1	1,000,000	(13,869)	(13,869)	1,013,869
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures/							
expenses and other financing uses		894,814	(1,310)	893,504	(379,324)	(379,324)	1,272,828
Balance beginning of year		812,510	32,591	845,101	1,241,202	1,241,202	(396,101)
Balance end of year	w	1,707,324	31,281	1,738,605	861,878	861,878	876,727

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Note to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2010

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, expenditures in the instruction and other expenditures functions exceeded the amounts budgeted. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30,	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010	Jul 1, 2009	\$0	\$127	\$127	0.0%	\$2,220	((b-a)/c) 5.7%

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation, funded status and funding progress.



### Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Balance			Balance
Account	Beginning of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	End of Year
Foreign Language Club	2,396	-	-	2,396
Interest	1,706	365	914	1,157
Student Council - High School	-	1,082	1,065	17
SCRIP Program	27	930	1,016	(59)
Class of 2011	4,269	1,798	3,557	2,510
Class of 2010	10,069	10,948	21,028	(11)
Class of 2009	2,374	_	2,374	-
Class of 2012	1,004	7,702	4,271	4,435
Class of 2013	-	3,594	864	2,730
Athletics	-	92,051	93,552	(1,501)
Art Club	274	-	-	274
Drama Club	-	843	365	478
Jr/Sr High - Student Needs	3,255	6,312	6,675	2,892
Vocal	4,722	1,205	473	5,454
Music Fund Raising	896	-	896	-
Instrumental	3,004	1,874	393	4,485
Honor Society	303	_	41	262
Petty Cash	226	-	-	226
Library Book Fair	1,051	5,249	4,913	1,387
Title I Book Fair	35	-	-	35
Elementary - Student Needs	15,796	9,356	13,511	11,641
Middle School - Student Council	921	-	440	481
FCCLA	993	173	386	780
Drill Team	58	-	58	-
Cheerleaders	<del></del>	-	-	-
Yearbook/Publishing	-	13,275	7,236	6,039
Technology Funds (POP)	6,223	2,015		8,238
Totals	59,602	158,772	164,028	54,346

### Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Balance Beginning			Balance End of
Account	of Year	Additions	Deductions	Year
Flex 125 Plan	\$ 9,838	28,298	28,051	10,085
Music Boosters	14,553	7,831	6,598	15,786
Athletic Boosters	13,037	32,523	30,353	15,207
Post Prom	1,346	8,316	6,630	3,032
A/R Helps	1,012	8	-	1,020
	\$ 39,786	76,976	71,632	45,130

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Nine Years

				A Land	Modified A Activity	0.00			
	2010	2009	2008	2002	. 1	2005	2004	2003	2002
	0.70.7	000	2002	7000	9007	2002	*007	2000	2002
Revenues:									
Local sources:									
Local tax	\$ 2,241,471	\$ 2,047,835	2,030,572	1,795,260	1,746,181	2,098,077	2,168,354	2,155,361	1,932,151
Tuition	203,011	203,470	243,263	230,328	212,314	224,679	225,388	177,070	219,298
Other	316,921	282,860	385,287	330,536	294,668	268,605	221,619	252,402	316,693
State sources	1,329,860	1,538,756	1,593,625	1,555,247	1,458,858	1,260,638	1,962,192	1,102,784	1,273,600
Federal sources	301,289	157,949	90,715	114,380	112,358	251,576	129,948	60,594	82,092
Total	\$ 4,392,552	\$ 4,230,870	4,343,462	4,025,751	3,824,379	4,103,575	4,707,501	3,748,211	3,823,834
Expenditures:									
Instruction:	\$ 2,675,110	\$ 2,688,949	2,570,080	2,626,052	2,485,767	2,321,291	2,187,923	2,204,189	2,307,355
Support services:									
Student services	24,764	29,517	154,489	59,250	79,631	49,275	50,953	63,044	99,787
Instructional staff services	73,189	95,673	92,379	78,654	82,658	63,851	57,982	61,861	114,204
Administration services	323,754	389,140	420,329	415,980	407,162	421,238	408,665	329,835	317,864
Operation and maintenance									
of plant	426,502	554,705	436,556	399,193	608,028	280,037	244,612	340,633	307,368
Transportation services	148,374	163,837	191,223	184,899	199,062	195,960	144,750	229,499	186,032
Central support services	1	1	1	ı	1	1		1,072	1
Non-instructional programs:									
Food service operations	1	ı		1	1	1	779	3	
Other expenditures:									
Facilities acquisition and									
construction	377,439	255,094	125,098	312,616	82,365	434,042	2,560,698	411,609	176,792
Long-term debt:									
Principal	260,144	70,000	65,000	60,000	000'09	55,000	35,000	1	1
Interest	44,407	59,053	57,722	59,523	60,723	61,772	78,178	1	1
Services	3,775	20,925	150	450	350	350	350	ı	1
AEA Flowthrough	140,280	126,265	123,971	122,539	113,850	112,875	112,778	120,525	122,824
Total	\$ 4,497,738	4,453,158	4,236,997	4,319,156	4,179,596	3,995,691	5,882,668	3,762,267	3,632,226

### **BRUCE D. FRINK**

### **Certified Public Accountant**

Member:

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- Iowa Society of Certified Public Accountants

Services:

- Individual, Partnership and Corporate Tax Preparation
- Year Round Tax Planning
- Electronic Filing
- Payroll & Sales Tax Preparation
- I.R.S. Representation
- . Monthly/Quarterly Write-Up
- Data Processing Services
- Payroll Preparation
- Computerized Financial Statements
- Bank Loan Assistance

Plus:

- Over 30 years of Expertise and Experience
- Evenings & Saturdays Available by Appointment
- Extended Hours During Tax
   Season

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance all deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items I-A-10 and I-B-10 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We identified no items which we consider to be significant deficiencies.

202 Central Avenue East P.O. Box 241 Clarion, IA 50525 Phone: (515) 532-6659 Fax: (515) 532-3677 bruce@frinkcpa.com

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2010 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the District's responses, we did not audit Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District and other parties to whom Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Armstrong-Ringsted Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK

Certified Public Accountant

Bruce D. Frisk

March 23, 2011

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2010

### Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

### INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

### REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

I-A-10 Segregation of Duties - During our review of the internal control structure, the existing procedures are evaluated in order to determine that incompatible duties, from a control standpoint, are not performed by the same employee. This segregation of duties helps to prevent losses from employee error or dishonesty and therefore maximizes the accuracy of the District's financial statements. We noted that one individual has custody of receipts and performs all record-keeping and reconciling functions for the office.

Recommendation - We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the District should review the operating procedures of the office to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

Response - We will review procedures and investigate available alternatives.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

### I-B-10 AUDITOR DRAFTING OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND RELATED FOOTNOTE DISCLOSURES

Comment - As in prior years, we were requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. SAS 112, an auditing standard from the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires auditors to communicate this situation as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of the District's statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of the presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do this with organizations of your size. However, based on this auditing standard, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by the District's management. As in prior years, we have instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financial statements in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification and disclosure in your financial statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements.

Recommendation - It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$  - We feel our review of the draft financials is adequate for us to accept this risk.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2010

### Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

II-A-10 <u>Certified Budget</u> - Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2010 exceeded the certified budget amounts in the instruction and the other expenditures functions. The District did not exceed its unspent authorized budget.

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{Chapter 24.9 of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.}$ 

<u>Response</u> - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-B-10 Questionable Expenditures No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- II-C-10 Travel Expense No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- II-D-10 Business Transactions Business transactions between the District and District officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title and	Transaction	•
Business Connection	Description	Amount
Rod Foster		
Board President	Basketball timer	\$1,040
	Office supplies	573
		\$ <u>1,613</u>

In accordance with Chapter 279.7A of the Code of Iowa these transactions do not appear to represent conflicts of interest since they total less than \$2,500 for the fiscal year.

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{compliance}}$  - The District should review these expenditures to ensure legal

Response - We will review these on an annual basis and consult with our attorney when needed.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-E-10 Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- II-F-10 Board Minutes No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
- II-G-10 Deposits and Investments No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2010

### Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

II-H-10 <u>Certified Annual Report</u> - The Certified Annual Report was not certified in a timely manner to the Department of Education.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend that the District take appropriate steps to ensure timely filing. We also are aware of personal circumstances that contributed to the late filing.

Response - Future reports will be filed in a timely manner.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- II-I-10 <u>Certified Enrollment</u> No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- II-J-10 Supplementary Weighting No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- II-K-10 <u>Categorical Funding</u> No instances were noted of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds.
- II-L-10 Statewide sales, services and use tax No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the District's financial activity and other required information for the statewide sales, services and use tax are as follows:

Beginning balance		\$ -
Statewide sales, services and use tax revenue		182,118
Expenditures/transfers out: School infrastructure: Puildings and improvements	#120 OFC	
Buildings and improvements Debt Service - QZAB notes	\$120,056 _62,062	182,118
Ending balance		\$

The statewide sales, services and use tax revenue received during the year ended June 30, 2010 is equivalent to a reduction in the following levies:

	Per \$1,000 Of Taxable Valuation	Tax
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	\$1.13	182,118